Month	Week	Phonological awareness Skills	Lesson component
September/October	1 2 3 4 5 6	Rhyme Repetition	<ul> <li>Rhyme repetition- Students will gain an understanding of rhyme by hearing and repeating rhyming word pairs.</li> </ul>
		● Initial Phoneme Isolation	<ul> <li>Initial sound -Students will isolate the initial sound in spoken words with focused consonant sounds.</li> </ul>
		Blending two words into a compound word	<ul> <li>Blending-Students will learn to blend two words into a compound word.</li> </ul>
		Phoneme Isolation- Final sound	<ul> <li>Segmenting-</li> <li>Students will isolate the final sound they hear in a spoken word with focused consonant sounds.(final sound hand motion introduced)</li> <li>Students will learn to segment a</li> </ul>
			compound word into two individual words.

		Alphabet Knowledge      Language awareness	<ul> <li>Students will sing the alphabet to help learn the letter names.</li> <li>Word awareness-Students will listen to and say a sentence aloud.</li> <li>Students will count the words in a sentence.</li> <li>Sing Nursery Rhymes-Star Light, Star Bright One, Two, buckle my shoe</li> </ul>
October/ November	7 8 9 10 11 12	<ul> <li>Rhyme repetition and recognition</li> <li>Initial Phoneme Isolation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rhyme repetition and recognition-Gain an understanding of rhyme by hearing and repeating rhyming word pairs</li> <li>Begin to recognise rhyming and non-rhyming words</li> </ul>

Blending two syllables	<ul> <li>Initial sound in words         beginning with specific         focused sounds-Blend two         words and two syllabes into a         compound word</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Phoneme Isolation-final sounds</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Isolate the initial sound in spoken words and Isolate the final phoneme in a spoken word -Introduction of final sound isolation in words with hand motion</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Segmenting a word into two syllables</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>segmenting whole words into two syllables-Segment a compound word and spoken word into two individual words</li> </ul>
Adding final syllables	<ul> <li>Adding- Add syllables to spoken words</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Deleting final syllables</li> </ul>	Deleting Final Syllables- delete syllables to spoken

			words (use of deleting final hand motion)
		Early Literacy skills:	
		Alphabet Knowledge	<ul> <li>Students will sing the alphabet to help learn the letter names.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Language awareness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Count words in a sentence</li> <li>Sing Nursery Rhymes-</li> <li>Once I caught a fish alive</li> </ul>
			Hey Diddle Diddle
December/January	13 14 15	Rhyme recogition	We are listening for the sound we hear in the middle of a word.  This is called a vowel sound.
	16 17 18	<ul><li>Initial Phoneme Isolation</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Students will learn to isolate the vowel sound in a spoken word, with specific vowel sounds being the focus each day.</li> </ul>
			When we segment, we listen to a whole word and separate it into two parts.
			<ul> <li>Segmenting separates a spoken word into two parts, the onset (first sound) and the rime (the vowel and all the sounds after).</li> <li>Students hear and say the</li> </ul>

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Blending(Coda)	whole word aloud, and then separate the word into the two parts.
	When we blend, we put two parts together to make a word.
	<ul> <li>Blending combines two small parts into one word. The teacher says a word in two parts, and then blends the two parts together into one word.</li> </ul>
	Body-Coda Blending     combines the body of the     word (the first two sounds)     and the final sound into a     spoken word. Students can     be instructed to "say it fast"     when blending the two parts     together.
<ul> <li>Phoneme Isolation- medial sound</li> </ul>	Blending Onset - Rime     combines the onset (the first     sound) and the rime (the     vowel and all the letters or     sounds after) into a single     syllable spoken word.
	We are listening for the sound we hear in the middle of a word. This is called a vowel sound.

<ul> <li>Segmenting a word into onset and Rime</li> </ul>	Students will learn to isolate the vowel sound in a spoken word, with specific vowel sounds being the focus each day.
	<ul> <li>When we segment, we listen to a whole word and separate it into two parts.</li> </ul>
	Segmenting separates a spoken word into two parts, the onset (first sound) and the rime (the vowel and all the sounds after). Students hear and say the whole word aloud, and then separate the word
<ul> <li>Adding-Initial phonemes</li> </ul>	into the two parts.
	<ul> <li>We can add a sound at the beginning of a word or word part to make a new word.</li> </ul>
	Students will make a new word by adding an initial phoneme to a word or word part that is said aloud. Explicit teacher language is provided in the lessons to scaffold support for students by saying the initial sound and the rime, and
Deleting- Initial phonemes	blending the two parts into a whole word.

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	Early Literacy skills:  • Alphabet Knowledge	We can take away the first sound from a word and say what is left.  Students will delete the initial phoneme from the words that were used for the Adding Initial Phonemes activity. Explicit teacher language is provided in the lessons to scaffold support for students when deleting the initial phoneme.
	<ul> <li>Language awareness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students will sing the alphabet to help learn the letter names.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Count words in a sentence</li> <li>Finish the sentence</li> <li>Sing Nursery Rhymes-</li> <li>Little Miss Muffet</li> <li>Twinkle Twinkle little star</li> </ul>

			One Two Buckle my shoe
February/March	19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<ul> <li>Rhyme production</li> <li>Initial Phoneme isolation-</li> <li>Blending Phonemes</li> </ul>	When words rhyme, we hear the same middle and final sounds. Students will work with rhyme recognition in WEEKS 19 AND 20, and then learn to produce a rhyming word.  We are listening for the first sound we hear in a word.  When we blend, we put two sounds together to make a word.  Blending combines individual phonemes into one word. The two phonemes are said first and then students are blending the sounds into a whole word. Students can be instructed to "say it fast" when blending the sounds together.
			We are listening for the last sound we hear in a word.

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<ul> <li>Phoneme isolation-final sounds</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Students will hear and repeat a pair of words that end with the same sound, isolating the final sound they hear.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Phoneme isolation-medial sounds</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>We are listening for the middle or vowel sound we hear in a spoken word.</li> <li>Students will isolate the short vowel sound they hear in the middle of a spoken word.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Segmenting a word into phonemes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>When we segment, we listen to a whole word and separate it into the sounds we hear.</li> <li>Segmenting separates a spoken word into two individual sounds. Students hear and say the whole word aloud, and then separate the word into two phonemes.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Adding initial phonemes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>We can add a sound to the beginning of a word or word part to make a new word.</li> </ul>

Deleting initial phonemes	<ul> <li>We can delete or take away the first sound from a word and say what is left.</li> <li>The students are deleting the initial phoneme from the words that were used for the Adding Initial Phonemes activity.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Substituting initial phonemes</li> </ul>	We can change the first sound in a word to make a new word. When we change the first sound, we make words that rhyme.
Early Literacy skills:  ● Alphabet Knowledge	<ul> <li>Students will sing the alphabet to help learn the letter names.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Language awareness</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Count words in a sentence</li> <li>Finish the sentence and count the words</li> <li>Sing Nursery Rhymes-</li> </ul>
	Pat a cake It's Raining, it's pouring

			Roses are red Rain, Rain go away Jack and Jill
March/April/May	27 28 29 30 31 32	● Rhyme	When words rhyme, we hear the same middle and final sounds.
	33 34 35	Initial phoneme isolation	<ul> <li>We are listening for the first sound we hear in a word.</li> <li>Students will hear two words and identify if the words begin with the same sound or a different sound.</li> <li>Student will show thumbs up if the initial phoneme is the same, and thumbs down if they are different.</li> </ul>
		Blending Phonemes	<ul> <li>When we blend, we put three sounds together to make one word</li> <li>Blending combines individual phonemes into one word. The three phonemes are said first and then students are blending the sounds into a whole word. Students can be</li> </ul>

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	<ul> <li>Phoneme isolation-final sounds</li> </ul>	instructed to "say it fast" when blending the sounds together
		We are listening for the last sound we hear in a word.
		<ul> <li>Students identify words that end with the same sound with an activity called, "Which word ends like?" The teacher says a word and provides two words, one word has the same final sound and the other word has a different final sound.</li> <li>Students identify the word with the same final sound. Teachers may choose to use the Final Sound hand motion to emphasize and isolate the final sound in each word</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Phoneme isolation-medial sounds</li> </ul>	
		We are listening for the middle or vowel sound we hear in a word.  Roller coaster hand motion: Teacher and students move one arm like a roller coaster going over a hill. The bottom of the hill is the beginning of the word; top of the hill is the middle of the word; bottom of the hill is the end of the word.

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Segmenting a word into phonemes	When we segment, we listen to a whole word and separate it into the sounds we hear.  Segmenting separates a spoken word into individual sounds. Students hear and say the whole word aloud, and then separate the word into three phonemes.
Adding initial phonemes	We can add a sound at the beginning of a word or word part to make a new word.
Deleting initial phonemes	<ul> <li>We can take away the first sound from a word and say what is left.</li> <li>Students will hear a word, and then delete the first or initial sound. They will be hearing the same words they created when adding the initial phoneme.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Substituting initial phoneme</li> </ul>	We can change the first sound in a word to make a new word.

		When we change the first sound, we make words that rhyme.
	Early Literacy skills:  • Alphabet Knowledge	<ul> <li>Students will sing the alphabet to help learn the</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Language awareness</li></ul>	letter names.  • Count words in a sentence
		<ul> <li>Finish the sentence and count the words</li> <li>Sing Nursery Rhymes-Humpty Dumpty         Three little kittens         Little Bo Peep     </li> </ul>
		Jack and Jill Little Jack Horner Hickory Dickory Dock

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			Little Boy blue
			Pease porridge hot
			Favourite nursery rhyme